An extended abstract of the paper on the subject of:

LOCAL AUTHORITIES IN THE SYSTEM
OF STATE GOVERNMENT OF UKRAINE

Formulation of the problem. Construction of power depends on the form of government that is "the way of government, which is determined by the nature of relations between the state as a whole and its constituent parts (administrative territorial or national units). Also functional dependence in activities of all government agencies predetermined form of government, which is actually the definition of "is how is the board that a formal source of power and the way organized the supreme power in the state." However, these two components only in general terms characterized building authorities in the state, and thus their interaction.

Research on the interaction of power in modern Ukraine should begin on the basis of separation of powers as one of the basic principles of a democratic state. According to the Constitution of Ukraine, state power is divided into legislative executive and judicial. Interaction between branches of government provides normal functioning of the state machinery as a whole because it does not allow any of the branches of government to usurp the powers of others. That is why the founding idea of separation of powers created a system of checks and balances that mutual influence. To ensure the real independence of one branch of government from the other required that each of them had a real opportunity to influence the other. However, the principle of separation of powers is not as strict division of functions and competencies as a mechanism of close cooperation to address the state.
Interaction between branches of government as a principle of constitutional system of Ukraine is a very relevant issue today.

Conclusions. Disclosure of interaction between local authorities concerning the activities of the various institutions of the state – the state executive and local governments. It is therefore advisable to consider three separate components such interaction: between the executive authorities of different status; between local authorities and between public authorities and local governments. The interaction of these bodies determined as necessary due to objective, legally defined relationship independent of public authorities, their mutual support, cooperation management efforts to putting into effect an effective coherent and effective case management (matters) of local value within the Constitution and laws of Ukraine. According to the typology of administrative relations, which in the process of interaction between public authorities at local level depending on their nature distinguish several kinds of interaction, each of which has certain characteristics and features: Coordination, subordinated and reordinated interaction.