CONCEPTUAL APPROACHES TO STATE REGULATION OF SUSTAINABLE DEVELOPMENT IN UKRAINE

Formulation of the problem in general and its relation to the significant scientific and practical tasks. The necessity of Ukraine to turn into the model of stable development is caused first of all with a crisis which was the result of ill-conceived policy of carrying out reforms in economic and social spheres. In the period of 1990-2000 the attempt to turn from the administrative management system into the market system had failed, as a result, the economic and social situation in Ukraine was characterized with such effects: systemic deficit of the public finance sector; industrial inefficiency; deep discord of mechanisms of reproduction of productive forces; strengthening of sectoral disparities and territorial development; lack of institutional infrastructure for expanded reproduction; low innovation economy; high levels of poverty and low quality of life.

Meanwhile, Ukraine has officially supported a number of international decisions as to ensuring of sustainable development, such as: “Agenda 21” (Rio de Janeiro, 1992), United Nations Millennium Declaration (2000), Johannesburg Declaration and the Plan of Implementation of the World Summit of the United Nations decisions on sustainable development (Johannesburg, 2002), “The Future We Want” (Rio de Janeiro, 2012), which provide ensuring of the balanced economic and social development, that is models of economic growth, in which use of the resources is implemented for ensuring of the social needs and environment protection.
Analysis of the recent researches and publications, in which the solution of this problem was initiated and which the author relies on, emphasizing of earlier unsolved parts of the general problem, to which this article is dedicated. The investigation of the leading native and foreign scientists were dedicated to problematic issues of state regulation of the sustainable development. Among scientists on the sustainable development, in particular, of regulation of the sustainable development in Ukraine who had made a significant contribution to this topic we can single out: O. M. Alimov, N. M. Andreeva, I. K. Bystryakov, E. M. Borshchuk, A. I. Danilenko, O. I. Maslak, M. J. Malik, S. I. Pyryzhkov, A. P. Sadovenko, V. G. Sahayev, A. M. Stelmashuk, V. M. Trehobchuk, E. V. Khlobystov, V. Ya. Shevchuk, O. V. Shcherbatykh and others. However, it should be mentioned that for Ukraine issue about state regulation of the sustainable development is new and it needs clarification of conceptual and methodological approaches.

Formulation of the article aims. Studies of the sustainable development in Ukraine are a relatively young direction and it needs clarifications either from the point of view of theoretical and conceptual approaches or strategic principles of state regulation with this process, thereafter the aims of this scientific article are: studying of the conceptual approaches, strategic and program principles for ensuring sustainable development in Ukraine, advanced vectors of sustainable development.

Presentation of the main research material with full justification of the achieved scientific results. Conceptual principles of the state regulation of sustainable development should be based on the development of economical, ecological and social spheres, which can ensure economic growth in conditions of limited financial resources, depletion of the environment and the threat of technological disaster, which together constitute the concept of sustainable development and is a new paradigm of development of society. Though, the effectiveness and viability of sustainable development depends on its
implementation on a legislation level by approving the strategic planning documents and realization of these standards.

Investigating the conceptual approaches of formation of the sustainable development in Ukraine by different scientists, it can be established that such approaches unite the views about presence of economic, social and ecological components of the sustainable development. Though, it is almost impossible to track strategic principles that regulated and regulate the transfer to the sustainable development and realization of the conceptual foundations of sustainable development due to the absence of system legal documents.

In 1997 in Ukraine the work as for establishment of the concept of sustainable development has begun, by means of creation of the National Commission of sustainable development in Ukraine, its main tasks were: preparation of proposals for implementation of the decisions and recommendations of the Commission of sustainable development of Economic and Social Council of the UN; organization of draft projects of the key documents which define the strategy of sustainable development in Ukraine; development of proposals for mechanism of implementation of measures aimed at Ukraine's transition to sustainable development; creating organizational and methodological assumptions for acceptance of management decisions which ensure: balance of economic and social development and use of natural resources, restoration of the environment and other.

Since independence, Ukraine has made many attempts to create and approve on the legislative level the Concept of sustainable development, including in particular:

I. Draft Law on the Concept of sustainable development of Ukraine [12] (No 3234 from 25.04.2001), heard at a meeting of the Verkhovna Rada of Ukraine 07.03.2002 g., not accepted.

II. Draft Law on the Concept of Ukraine's transition to sustainable development [13] (No 3234-1 from 19.12.2001), heard at a meeting of the Verkhovna Rada of Ukraine 07.03.2002 g., not accepted.
III. Draft Resolution on the Concept of Ukraine's transition to sustainable development [14] (No 5749 from 02.07.2004), the issues discussed at the meeting of the Verkhovna Rada of Ukraine, the project is not supported (06.10.2005).

Besides, there are draft concepts which haven’t reached the stage of the Draft Law. Among them we should note another “Project of the Concept of Ukraine's transition to sustainable development”, which was developed by NAS of Ukraine and directed to the Cabinet of Ministers of Ukraine in 2012 and other projects. [11]

On the state level, the work on creation of favorable environmental conditions was conducted: Concept of the national ecological politics on the period until 2020 was approved; the Strategy of national ecological politics on the period until 2020 was accepted.

Conclusions of this research and perspectives of the further developments. Thus, the conceptual basis of state regulation of sustainable development of the country are in harmony (balanced) development of economic, social (public), ecological and institutional components, implemented through the development, adoption and realization of appropriate strategic and conceptual legal documents. Determining among them in Ukraine now is a Strategy for sustainable development “Ukraine – 2020”, which should be a reference for further action plans for the realization of the future reforms and transformations, first of all we emphasize on development vector, which should ensure the sustainable development of the country (including regions) and conducting structural reforms, as a result there should be increase of living standards and quality of life.