An extended abstract of the paper on the subject of:

“Information and Analytical Support for Public Administration of Some Advanced Countries: Experience for Ukraine”

**Problem settings.** Under the conditions of a rapid growth of information flows, high dynamics, complexity, multidimensionality, a considerable increase in the degree of uncertainty of management tasks solved by public authorities, lack of time for strategic decision-making, the creation of a modern scientific and technological environment for executives of different rank becomes a task of critical importance, which helps promote operating information and analytical support for administrative staff in various situations and ensure effective administrative decisions.

**Recent research and publications analysis.** The study of the problem issues of developing systems for public administrative decision-making has been conducted by such scholars as V. Bakumenko, A. Degtiar, N. Nyzhnyk, H. Pocheptsov, T. Saaty and others. Information and analytical support for public administration, the instruments of decision-making are discussed in the works by M. Demidov, M. Il'in, A. Koshkin, R. Marutian, A. Morozov Ye. Naumov, Ye. Novikov and other researchers.

**The paper objective** is analysis of foreign experience of creating situation centers (SC) as a tool to support public administrative decision-making and implementation.

**The paper main body.** A situation center is, in the first place, an aggregate of special information technologies and hard- and software complexes, which implement the functions of administrative decision-making with regard to evaluation of decision effects, the process of decision development and making taking place in the real-time mode relative to the events that need reaction.

The paper considers the experience of establishing situation centers in such foreign countries as the USA, Germany, China, Singapore, Brazil, Russia, and the EU member states.

Practically all the leading countries of the world pass from the concept of a
“closed” situation center (SC) to that of creating distributed situation centers, in which information is collected, aggregated, and knowledge is generated by an expert community called collaboration systems or intelligence sharing systems.

The world leader among situation center developers of the West is Silicon Graphics, Inc. (SGI).

Among the 100 plus SCs created by SGI over the last 5 years, three basic classes of SC can be distinguished: 1st class – SCs for analysis and management of crisis situations; 2nd class – centers for computer-generated environment simulation of devised (non-existent) objects; 3d class – centers for monitoring and strategic decision-making.

In Ukraine, the process of creating a network of SCs (in the first turn, at the Office of President, Ministries and agencies) is at the start.

In 2012, the State Space Agency of Ukraine has developed a project of an information and analytical center under the Cabinet of Ministers of Ukraine based on space technologies.

The task related to maintaining the national security in the military sphere is imposed on the Ministry of Defense of Ukraine (MD of Ukraine) within their powers.

The above-mentioned task calls for creation of a situation center on the basis of an information and analytical system to support decision-making by the senior management of the MD of Ukraine.

**Conclusions of the research.** Thus, it can be concluded that the state has begun the SC–formation. Accordingly, the study of international experience of situation centers’ creation and operation assumes a special prominence.