Problem statement. Today the significance of the problem of territorial community legal capacity is understood at all the administration levels in Ukraine. In order to solve it, a number of regulatory acts have been adopted, yet, none of them has proposed any concrete mechanisms. Such mechanisms can be elaborated in close interaction of local governments with the public executive authorities which requires, in the first place, development of the relevant scientific provisions.

Recent research and publications analysis. Scientists pay much attention to the general issues of interaction between the public executive authorities and local governments that are researched in particular by O. Derzhaliuk, N. Fomitska, N. Honcharuk, Yu. Kaplan, A. Krusian, H. Makarov, Ya. Malyk, N. Meltiukhova, L. Naboka, L. Prokopenko and other scholars. Yet, the mechanisms of interaction of local governments with the public executive authorities as to forming efficient territorial communities have never been the subject of a special research.

The paper objective is substantiation of mechanisms for organization of local governments' interaction with the public executive authorities in forming efficient territorial communities in Ukraine.

The paper main body. It has been found that the national legislation provides for a set of mechanisms of interaction between local governments and the public executive authorities, including: delegation of powers; development and
implementation of programs, projects, actions and the relevant budgets; distribution among territorial communities of the state budget funds in the form of subsidies and subventions; initiatives (proposals) addressing certain issues (of local and national significance); initiation of legal action; participation in consultations; exchange of the best practices, knowledge, and information; arrangement of joint studies, projects etc.

The prospects of electronic interaction mechanisms (e-interaction) and electronic local government (e-self-government) are explored, the systems of which are suggested to include the following mechanisms: e-informing, e-consulting, e-decision-making, e-initiatives, e-partnership, e-control, e-delegation, e-expertise.

In turn, the system of basic mechanisms of forming territorial communities’ legal capacity is proposed to incorporate legal, organizational, staffing, educational, social, motivational, information, financial, and innovation mechanisms, which should be applied as a whole.

Conclusions of the research. A systemic practical introduction of all kinds of mechanisms for interaction between local governments and the public executive authorities in forming territorial communities’ legal capacity can be provided by recording them, apart from regulatory documents, in local government development programs, and also without formal mentioning them in any documents, and namely – at the initiative of any party or in an informal way. This would facilitate getting interaction between local governments and the public executive authorities to a new level.