REGULATORY SUPPORT OF LOCAL COMMUNITIES DEVELOPMENT IN UKRAINE

Problem setting  Development of territorial communities requires effective use of its potential considering all aspects of working out and implementing development strategies and other local regulatory documents. This approach is directly related to the viability of the local community, should meet the interests of the population and to the European principles of the state regional policy.

However, the implementation of such a national reform as a reform of power decentralization requires the adoption of laws and regulations that would ensure the regulation of newly created local communities’ activity in proportion with granted broad powers that will easily allow to realize this reform and will complete the process of power decentralization.

Recent research and publications analysis  The study of legal support of territorial communities in Ukraine has found its reflection in the works of Ukrainian scientists, namely: V.Vakulenko, N.Goncharuk, I.Drobot, Yu.Kutz, V.Mamonova, Yu.Molodozhen, V.Nakonechny, S.Seregin, and others. However, given the reform of legislation in the sphere of local self-government there is a necessity in analysis of new regulations governing the activities of local communities.

Paper objective  is to analyze the legal support of local communities’ development.

Paper main body  Reform of local government and territorial organization of power should be based on the Constitution and laws of Ukraine, the provisions of the Charter observing the following principles: the rule of law; openness; transparency and public participation; ubiquity of local government; subsidiarity;
availability of public services; accountability and control of local government bodies and officials before local communities; accountability of local government before executive authorities in terms of the Constitution and laws of Ukraine observance; legal, organizational and financial capacity of local governments; state support for local government; partnership between the state and local governments; sustainable development of territories.

So far not all the provisions of *Reforms Legislative Support Plan in Ukraine* approved by the Parliament have been carried out according to the schedule. The bills have been being discussed hard, a lot of amendments have been made, arguments have arisen, legal processes have been delayed.

In particular, the amendments to the Constitution of Ukraine which have not passed the Parliament in the second reading, have negative consequences of not adopting a large number of laws that would finally preserve the power of the newly created communities.

**Conclusions of the research** It should be noted that the action plan on implementation of *Concept of Reforming the Local Self-Government and Territorial Organization of Power in Ukraine*, approved by the Cabinet of Ministers of Ukraine, stipulates the development of legislation referred to in this article that gives hope to accelerate the process of power decentralization reform completion in Ukraine.

Thus, for today the Parliament of Ukraine, the Cabinet of Ministers of Ukraine adopted many regulations which allow authorities to implement decentralization reform, but remain unresolved issues of territorial communities referred to in this article and which require legislative regulation.